

## **BOWLS CANADA.**

### **APPROVED DOMESTIC REGULATIONS**

#### **APPENDIX G**

##### ***Approved Domestic Regulations***

##### **G. 1 Use of Bowling Delivery Aids**

May 2014 – Bowls Canada Boulingrin recognizes that the primary purpose of a bowling delivery aid is to enable a person with a physical disability to play the sport of bowls. This regulation covers the use of a delivery aid (e.g. support, bowling arm, etc.) for delivering a jack and a bowl.

For all Canadian Championships, and for provincial playdowns leading towards a national championship, a player must seek approval of their specific bowling delivery aid. Devices such as bowling arms that are produced by a recognized manufacturer, and used with no customized modifications, will typically be approved. Manufacturers are encouraged to provide a sample device for testing by BCB to assist with the approval process.

For most Canadian Championships, and for provincial playdowns leading towards a national championship, a bowler must be able to produce a medical certificate that attests to their physical disability. The exception is the Canadian Senior Triples Championships, which are intended for bowlers 60 years and over. If a bowling delivery aid enables a senior bowler to continue to play competitively, this should be encouraged at the Senior Triples Championships.

For any other competitions or local club bowling activities which are purely social or recreational, a bowler is free to use a bowling delivery aid for delivery of the jack and a bowl.

*Approved May 2014 / Amended April 2015*

##### **G. 2 Minimum Jack Length Regulation**

Law 10.5 of the new Laws of the Sport of Bowls, Crystal Mark 3rd Edition, 2015 gives National Authorities the discretion to change the minimum jack length from 23 m to 21 m. In March 2011, after careful consideration, Bowls Canada Boulingrin, the National Authority for Canada, decided to change the minimum jack length from 23 metres to 21 metres for all play in Canada. This decision leads to a number of other changes to distances set out in the Laws, as further detailed in laws 10.5.1 and 10.5.3, and will necessitate changes to the positioning of "hog line markers" at clubs across the country.

For safety reasons in particular, an exemption will apply for the Pacific Indoor Bowls Club and the Qualicum Indoor venue, which may continue to use a minimum jack length of 23 m.

*Approved March 2011 / Amended April 2015*

### **G. 3 Use of Groundsheets**

For outdoors play, portable groundsheet do not need to be fastened to the green, and may be temporarily removed upon completion of an end. The groundsheet may be placed at a different position at the start of each end, unless otherwise directed by the Controlling Body or green keeper, but always at least 2 metres from the rear ditch and at least 23 metres from the front ditch. The groundsheet must remain in use until the end of the game or until the Controlling Body decides that they are no longer needed.

*Approved April 2015*

### **G. 4 Skips Duties Regarding the Score Card**

Skips can transfer the duties of marking the score card described in law 40.1.7 to another member of the team. However, they must make sure that these duties are transferred to players whose positions, in order of play, are the same in each team. If the skips cannot agree on who should keep the score card, then the skips in both teams must keep the score card as described in law 40.1.7.

*Approved April 2015*

**G. 5 Use of Approved Footwear** Shoes must be flat-soled with no separation between the front sole and heel (i.e. flat from toe to heel). Walking shoes and sports shoes are acceptable; sandals with a heel strap are also acceptable, as long as the back strap is firmly fitted when worn. Flat-soled wedge shoes (i.e. shoes that increase in height from toe to heel) are not acceptable. The width of any heel must be at least 50% of the widest part of the sole. The sole may possess a shallow tread pattern or indented grooves to improve traction, without damaging the green. A channel in the centre of the sole is acceptable; protuberances that extend out from the sole are not acceptable. Edges around the sole, and around any channel, need to be rounded. Brand name bowling shoes that are listed as approved on a current list, published by a member national authority, are generally acceptable. Shoes that have been re-soled to ensure that they comply with the laws of the sport are also generally acceptable. Nevertheless, Bowls Canada Boulingrin reserves the right to disallow any specific shoe. Umpires must use their best judgment and not unduly eliminate members from play unless they have a shoe that would clearly damage the green. Common sense must prevail.

*Approved April 2015*